Shipping and Connectivity between China and Southeast Asia

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Dalian Maritime University, China

Haikou, China, 7 Nov. 2017

Shipping and Connectivity

- Shipping and Ports
- Connectivity under BRI
- China and Southeast Asia

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 Our theme for this year will enable us to shine a spotlight on the existing cooperation between ports and ships to maintain and enhance a safe, secure and efficient maritime transportation system.

(Source: IMO Secretary-General Mr. Ki-tack Lim)

World Maritime Day 2017









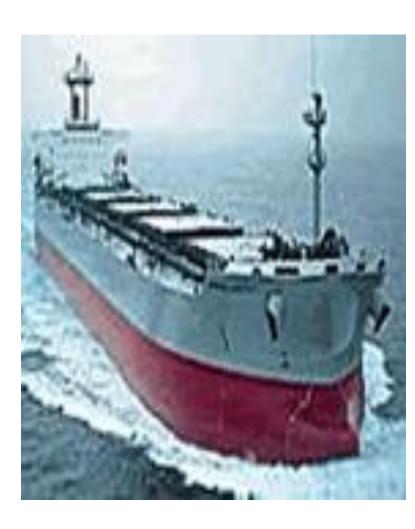




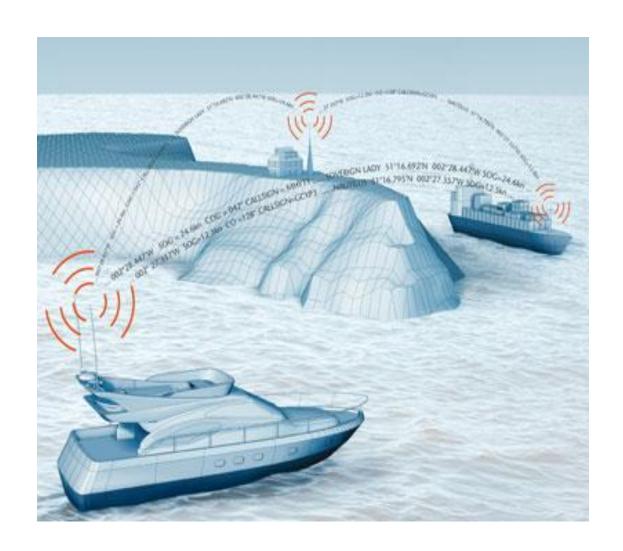


(Source: IMO homepage)

Shipping is the most international of all the world's great industries, and one of the most dangerous.

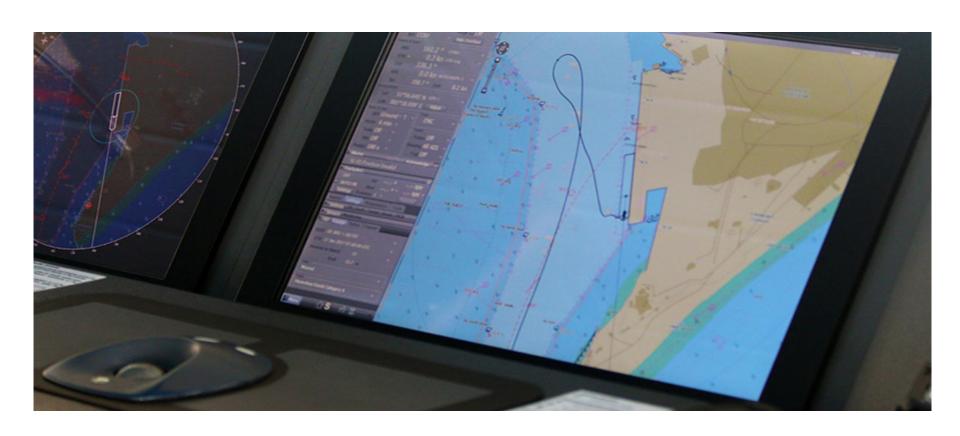


AIS Automatic
Identification
Systems



ECDIS -

Electronic Chart Display and Information Systems



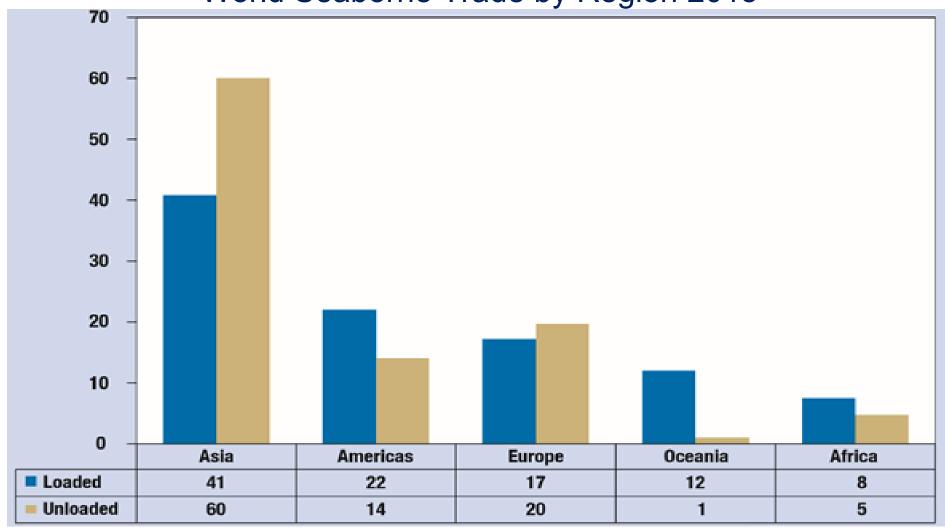
Safety of

Ro-Ro Ships,

Passenger Ships.

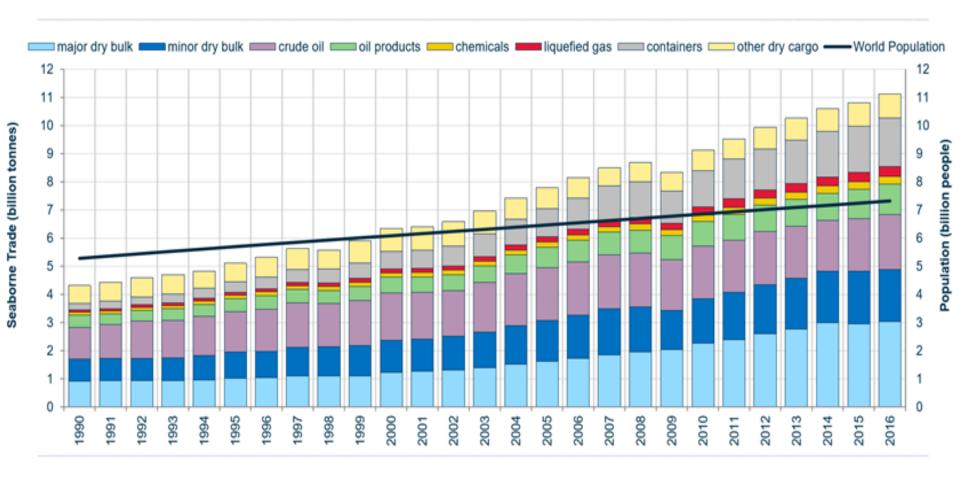


World Seaborne Trade by Region 2015



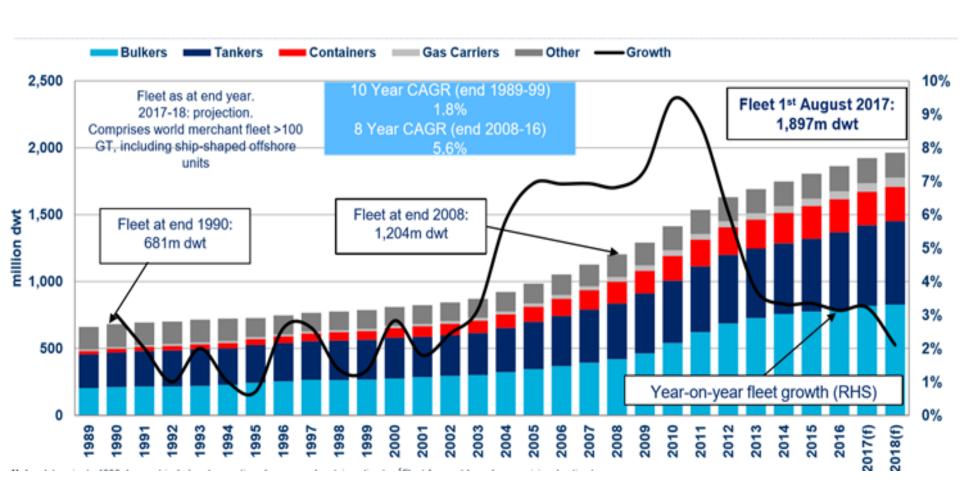
(Source: UNCTAD 2016 Review of Maritime Transport)

World Seaborne Trade



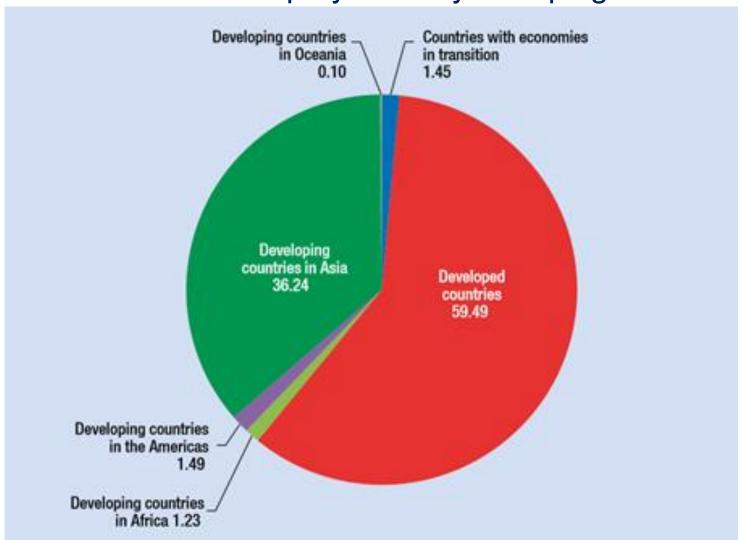
(Source: Clarksons 2017 Interim Result)

Shipping Fleet Development: 1989-2018¹



(Source: Clarksons 2017 Interim Result)

Vessel Ownership by Country Grouping 2016



(Source: UNCTAD 2016 Review of Maritime Transport)

Top 10 Ownership of World Fleet 2016

	Country	Number	Deadweight tonnage	World %
1	Greece	4 136	293 087 231	16.36
2	Japan	3 969	228 980 209	12.78
3	China	4 969	158 884 367	8.87
4	Germany	3 361	119 181 405	6.65
5	Singapore	2 553	95 312 373	5.32
6	Hong Kong (China)	1 448	87 375 262	4.88
7	Republic of Korea	1 634	78 84 194	4.40
8	United States	1 995	60 279 138	3.36
9	United Kingdom	1 329	51 441 100	2.87
10	Bermuda	418	48 453 161	2.69

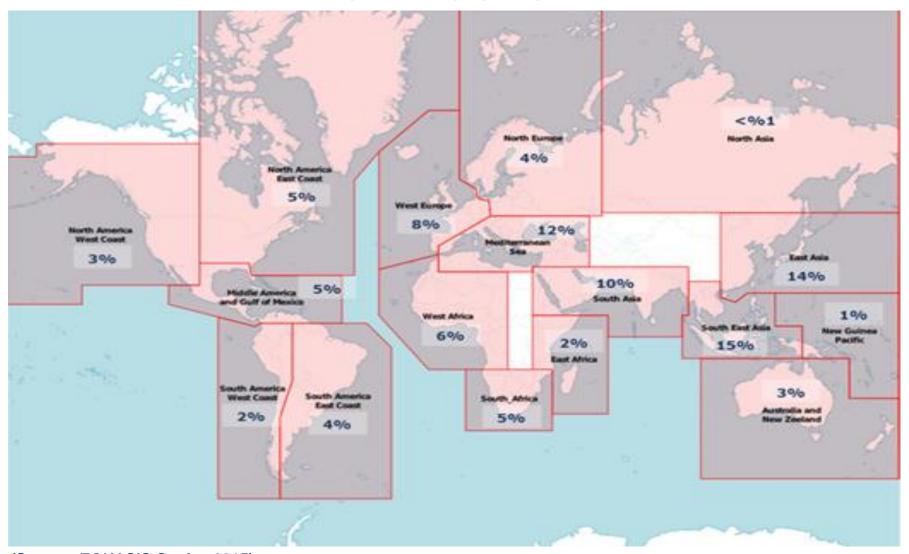
(Source: UNCTAD 2016 Review of Maritime Transport)

Top 20 Container Liners, Oct. 2017

Rank	Operator	TEU	Share %
1.	APM-Maersk	3 522 485	16.5
2.	Mediterranean Shipping Co.	3 142 378	14.7
3.	CMA CGM Group	2 501 751	11.7
4.	COSCO Shipping Co Ltd	1 821 300	8.5
5 .	Hapag-Lloyd	1 511 721	7.1
6.	Evergreen Line	1 063 973	5.0
7.	OOCL	691 315	3.2
8.	Yang Ming Marine Transport Corp.	580 036	2.7
9.	Hamburg Süd Group	559 580	2.6
10.	MOL	548 607	2.6
11.	NYK Line	541 089	2.5
12.	Pacific International Line	370 247	1.7
13.	ZM	366 689	1.7
14.	Hyundai M.M	349 787	1.6
15 .	K-Line	341 746	1.6
16.	Wanhai Lines	217 085	1.0
17 .	X-press Feeder Lines	152 785	0.7
18.	KMTC	122 211	0.6
19.	Antong Holdings	100 328	0.5
20.	SITC	98 582	0.5

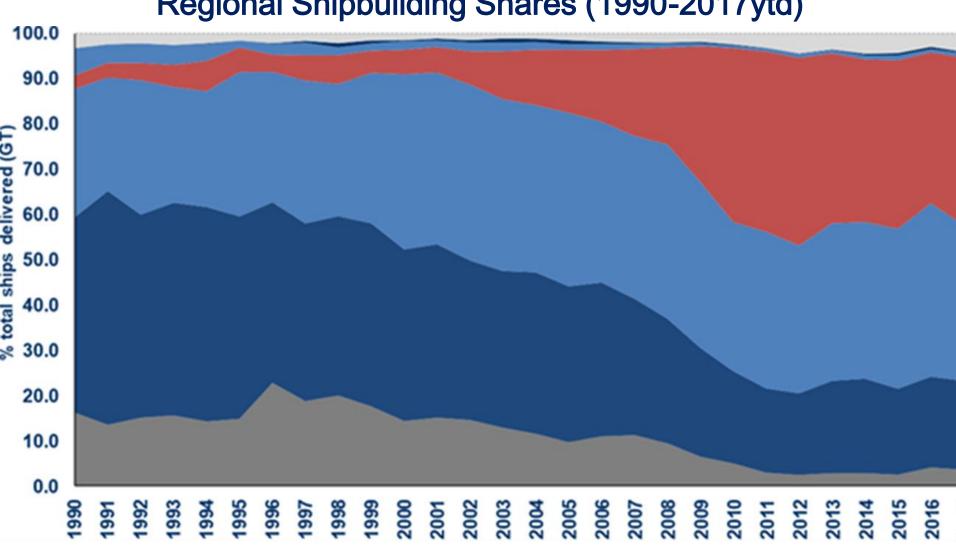
(Source: Alphaliner, October 2017)

Total ships sighted by geographical area 2015

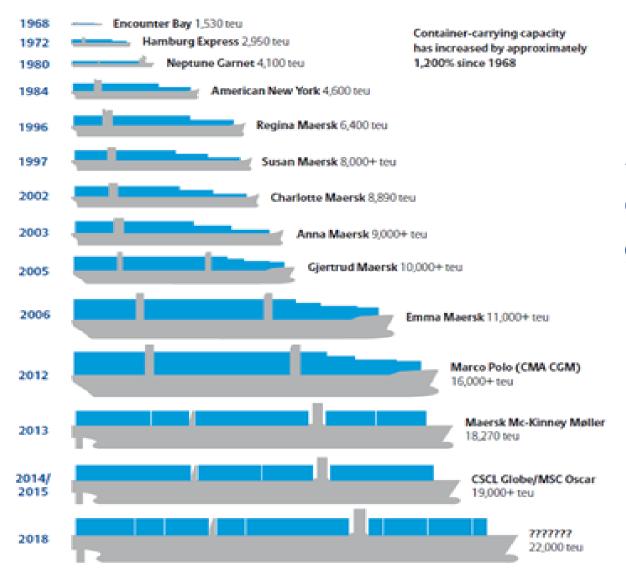


(Source: EQUASIS Statics 2015)

Regional Shipbuilding Shares (1990-2017ytd)



(Source: Clarksons 2017 Interim Result)



50 years of container ship growth

(Source: World Shipping Council 2015)



(Source: IMO Homepage)

Top 100 Ports in 2017



Top 100 Ports in 2017



Top 100 Ports in 2017





Top 100 Ports in 2017

	Asia	Others	(China)
Top 10	10	0	(7)
Top 20	16	4	(10)
Top 50	33	17	(15)
Top 100	55	45	(22)



Top 10:

Shanghai Singapore Shenzhen Ningbo-Zhoushan Busan Hong Kong Guangzhou Qingdao Dubai **Tianjing**

(Source: Strategic Maritime Passage)

Shipping and Connectivity

- Shipping and Ports
- Connectivity under BRI
- China and Southeast Asia

Vision for Maritime Cooperation under BRI

Principles

- Consensus
- Open and inclusive
- Market-based and multi-stakeholder
- Joint and benefit sharing

Vision for Maritime Cooperation under BRI

- 1 Green development
- marine ecosystem and biodiversity
- regional marine environment
- addressing climate change
- international blue carbon cooperation

Vision for Maritime Cooperation under BRI

- 2 Ocean-based prosperity
- Marine resource utilization
- Marine industry cooperation
- Maritime connectivity
- Maritime transport
- Connectivity of information infrastructure and networks

Vision for Maritime Cooperation under BRI

- 3 Maritime security
- Maritime public service
- Maritime navigation security
- Joint maritime SAR
- Prevent marine disasters
- Maritime law enforcement

Vision for Maritime Cooperation under BRI

- 4 Innovative growth
- Marine scientific R & D
- Marine technology cooperation
- Smart ocean application
- Marine education and exchange
- Ocean culture

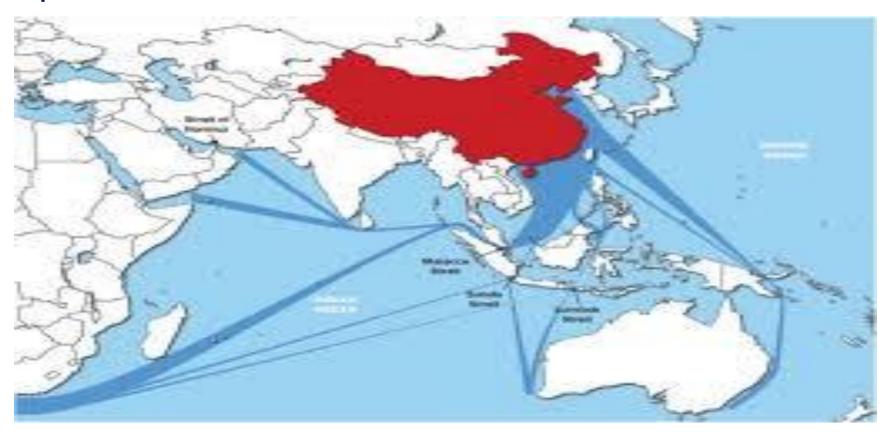
Vision for Maritime Cooperation under BRI

- 5 Collaborative governance
- Hi-level dialogue mechanisms
- Mechanisms for blue economy
- Marine spatial planning & application
- Multilateral mechanisms
- Think tanks
- NGOs



Shipping Routes	No
ChinaSoutheast ASIA	56
ChinaWest ASIA	16
ChinaSouth ASIA	7
ChinaEast & Central Europe	14
ChinaNorthwestern Europe	10
ChinaOceania	14

Maritime Silk Road builds smooth, secure and efficient transport routes connecting major sea ports under BRI.



What are the main factors that may influence the connectivity?

Economic Factors:

- Overall GDP level
- Reliance in foreign trade
- Fund gap in Asian infrastructure construction
- Investment



Technological Factors:

- Shipping industry
- Challenges from terminal automation
- Main obstacles



Information sharing

- Information fence
- Traditional trade barrier

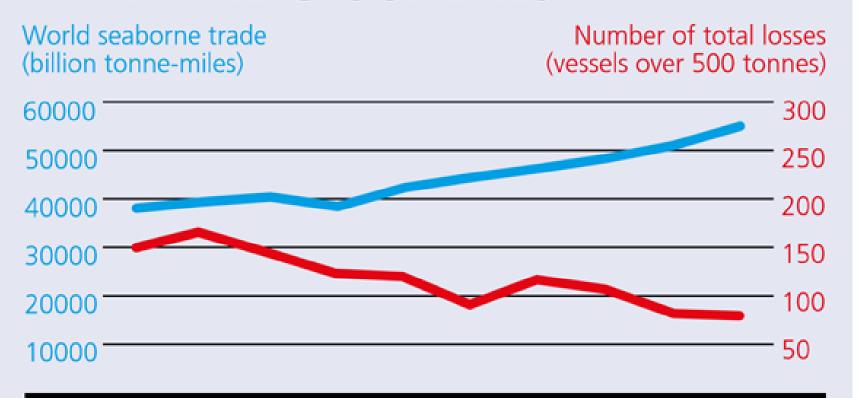


Maritime & Port security

- SOLAS
- ISPS Code
- Training





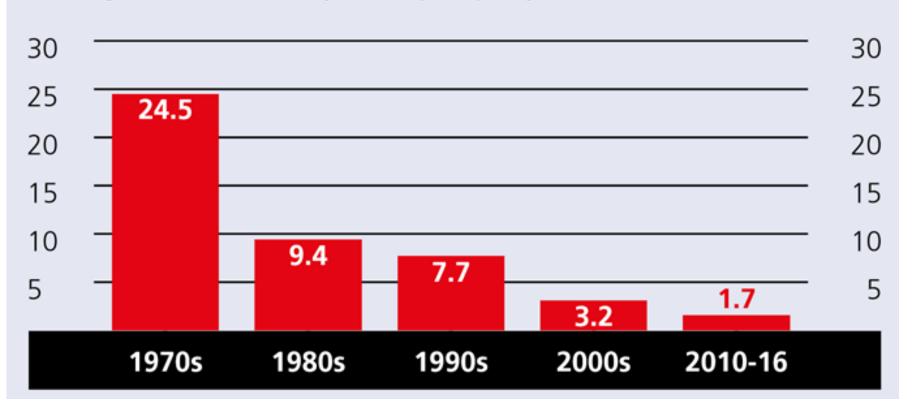


2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015

(Source: ICS Annual Review, 2017)

REDUCTION IN MAJOR OIL SPILLS

Average number of major oil spills per year (over 700 tonnes)

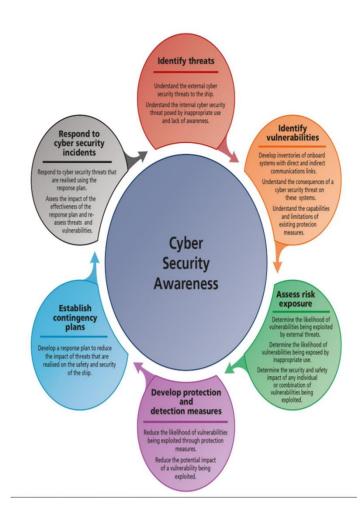


(Source: ICS Annual Review ,2017)

Maritime Cyber Security

 Shipping and ports are highly automated, operations rely on computerised information and communication technologies, which may be vulnerable to maritime cyber hacker attacks.

Maritime cyber risk management.

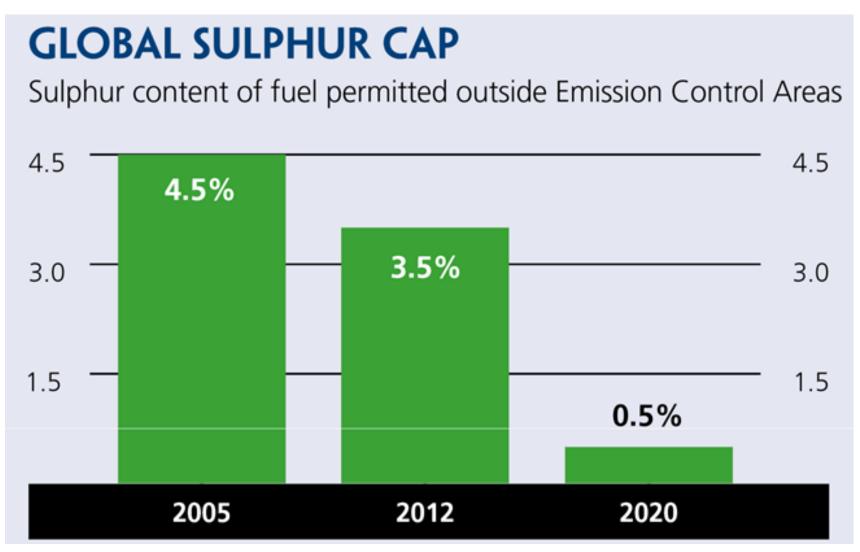


Environmental Protection

Air pollution

- Multi-lateral Vs
 Unilateral in GHG
- Air pollution
- SOx and NOx





(Source: ICS Annual Review, 2017)

IMO AGREEMENT TO REDUCE ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION FROM SHIPS

Sulphur content of fuel permitted in Emission Control Areas

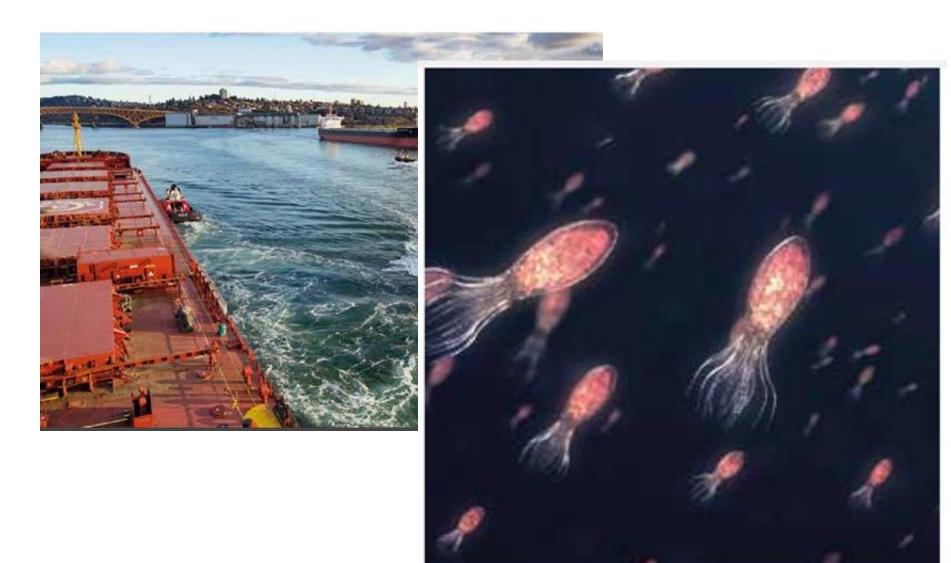


(Source: ICS Annual Review, 2017)

Ballast water management

 Harmful aquatic organisms in ballast water

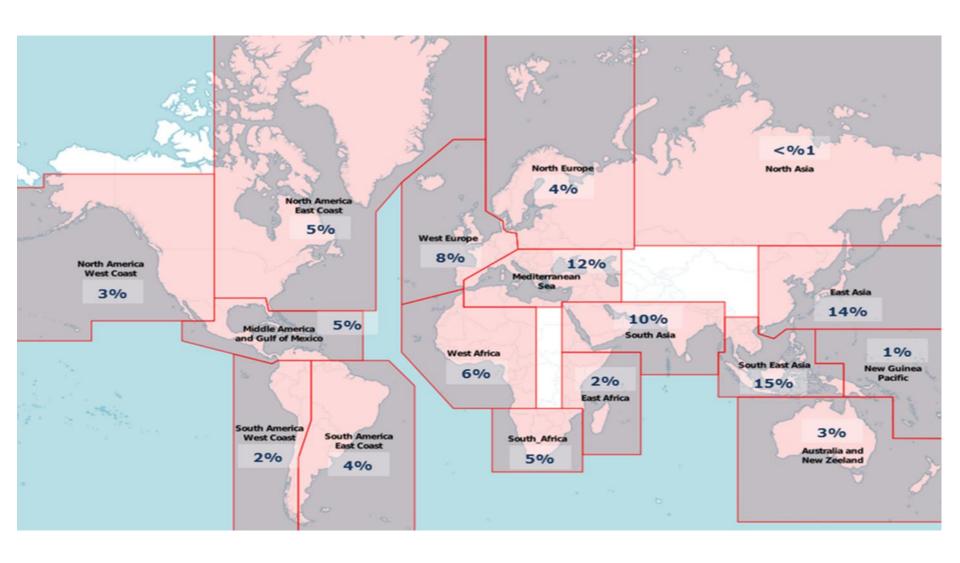






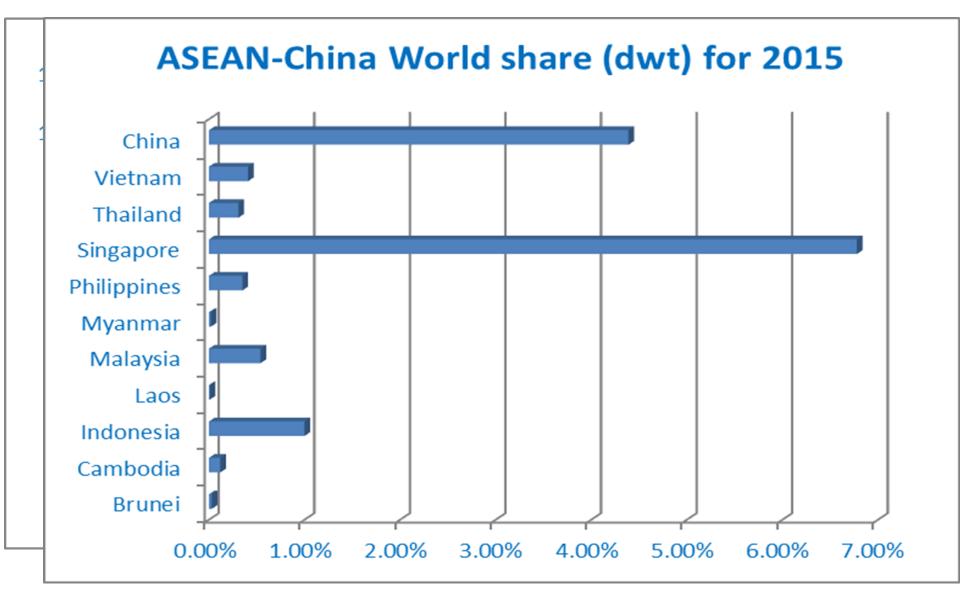
Shipping and Connectivity

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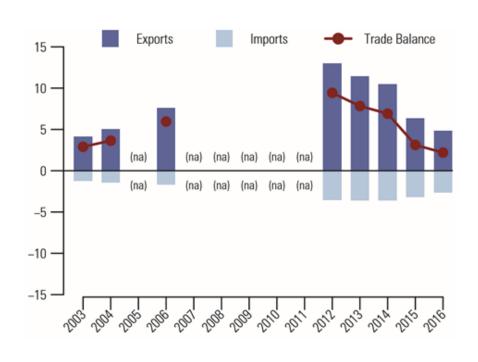
(Source: Equasis 2015)

What are the scenarios of shipping and exports in Southeast Asia countries?



National Flag Fleet for 2015 (1000 dwt)

Total merchandise trade (export) by value (BLN US\$)



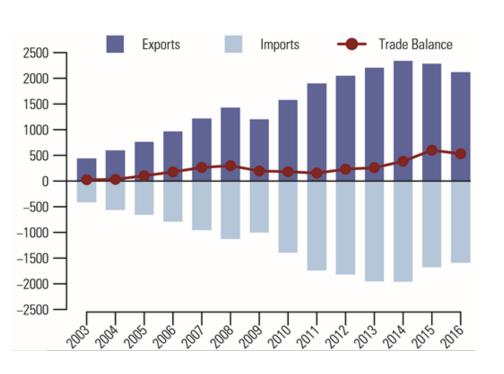
Exports Imports Trade Balance

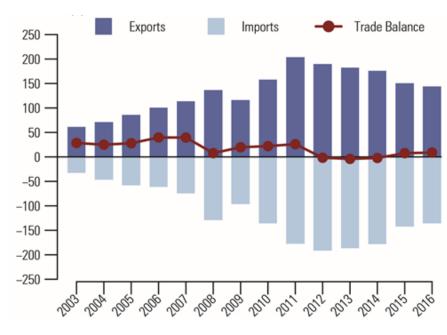
12
10
8
6
4
2
0
-2
-4
-6
-8
-10
-12
-12
-12
-10
-12

Brunei, 4.9 Bln USD

Cambodia, 8.5 Bln USD (2015)

Total merchandise trade (export)by value (BLN US\$)

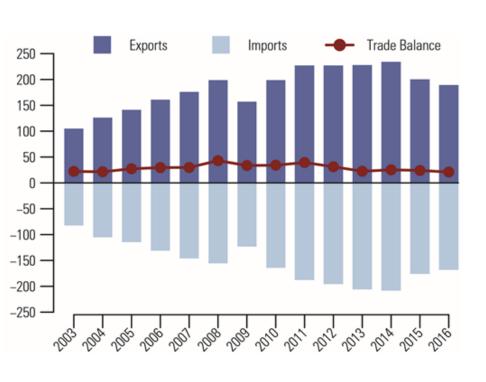


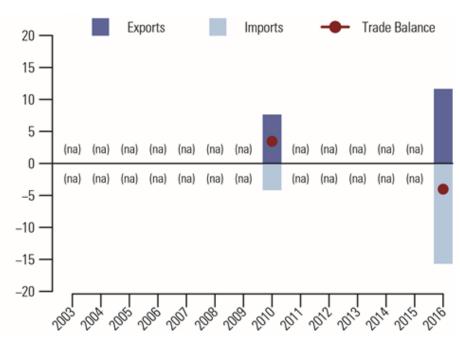


China, 2119 Bln USD

Indonesia, 144.5 Bln USD

Total merchandise trade (export) by value (BLN US\$)

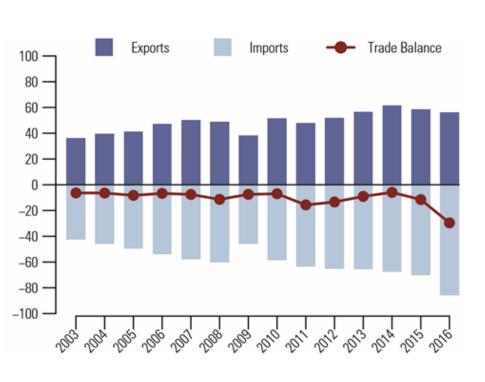


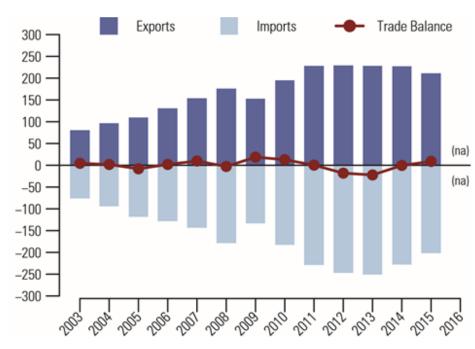


Malaysia, 189.4 Bln USD

Myanmar, 15.7 Bln USD

Total merchandise trade by value (BLN US\$)

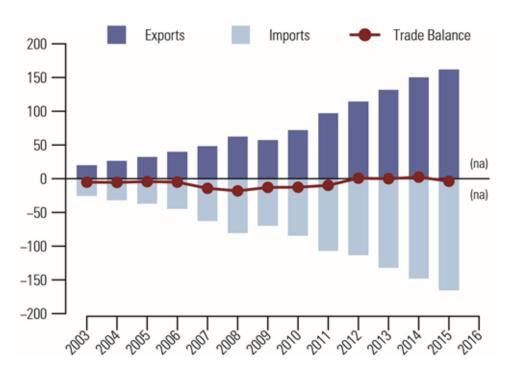




Philippines, 56.3 Bln USD

Thailand, 210.9 Bln USD (2015)

Total merchandise trade by value (BLN US\$)



Vietnam, 162 Bln USD (2015)

What are the status quos of shipping and ports in China?







	Total No.	Total dwt	Ranking
Fleet	1 087	83 m	1
Container	348	18 m	4
Bulk	432	38 m	1
Tanker/LNG	143	19 m	1
General	164	4 m	1
Ports	52	Berths	218

(Source: COSCO Shipping Homepage, Jul 2017)

	Total No.	Total dwt	Ranking
Fleet	358	34 m	(46 m)
VLCC	39		1
VLCC	14		On order
VLOC	40+		1
LNG	30+		
Ports		Berths	



China – SE Asia Shipping Connectivity

- Qinhuangdao the Philippines
- Rizhao Ho Chi Minh Bangkok
- China-Singapore (Chongqing-Guangxi-Singapore)

China – Asean Port Cities Co-op Network

- 16th C-A Transport Ministers meeting,
- 24 port cities, port & shipping enterprises join the network,
- China Singapore,
- China Malaysia,
- China Thailand,
- China Brunei,





China Ports in first 3 Qs of 2017:

- throughputs totaling 9.47 billion tons,
 7.7% yty growth,
- foreign trade throughputs amount to 3.1 billion tons, 7.0% yty growth,
- top 10 port throughput order changes,

China Top 10 ports throughputs for first 3 Qs of 2017

	Port	Throughput (mt)	Growth YTY
1	Ningbo-Zhoushan	770.6	11.1%
2	Shanghai	561.8	7.2%
3	Tangshan	429.3	13.0%
4	Guangzhou	415.7	8.6%
5	Qingdao	381.9	1.5%
6	Tianjin	377.9	-8.5%
7	Dalian	348.9	3.9%
8	Yingkou	283.6	2.3%
9	Rizhao	271.9	2.9%
10	Zhanjiang	217.9	13.5%

(Source: Shanghai International Shipping Institute, 27 Oct. 2017)

China Top 10 container ports for first 3 Qs of 2017

	Port	Throughput (mt)	Growth YTY
1	Shanghai	29.89	8.3%
2	Shenzhen	18.95	5.6%
3	Ningbo-Zhoushan	18.74	14.2%
4	Guangzhou	14.83	11.3%
5	Qingdao	13.73	1.8%
6	Tianjin	11.45	4.6%
7	Dalian	76.18	0.1%
8	Xiamen	76.13	8.3%
9	Yingkiou	46.43	1.5%
10	Lianyungang	35.56	-0.4%

(Source: Shanghai International Shipping Institute, 27 Oct. 2017)



Ports in 2016

- Tianjing
- Qingdao
- Shanghai
- Ningbo-Zhoushan
- Guangzhou
- Shenzhen

China and Southeast Asia Tianjin 2016

- throughputs 550 million tons,
- 14.5 million TEU,



China and Southeast Asia Shanghai 2016

- container throughput top 1 for 7 years
- connections with 214 countries under BRI



Ningbo-Zhoushan 2016

- throughput 900 mt, expected 1 billion,
- connections with 26
 SE Asian ports, 236
 ports over 100
 countries.



China and Southeast Asia Qingdao 2016

- berths for 15 000 TEU container ship, for 300 000 ore carrier and VLCC,
- connection with 450 ports over 130 countries,



Guangzhou 2016

- throughput 544 million tons, top 6
- container 18.86 million TEU, top 7
- connections with 450 ports over 80 countries



Shenzhen, 2016

- Yantian container terminal
- Shekou cruise terminal



Global top 20 container terminals (first half 2017)

and

Future trends of port

Global Top 20 Container Terminals

(first half 2017)

Rank	Port	Throughput / M.TEU
1	Shanghai	19.6
2	Singapore	16.15
3	Ningbo-Zhoushan	12.36
4	Shenzhen	11.87
5	Hong Kong	10.19
6	Pusan	10.11
7	Guangzhou	9.63
8	Qingdao	9.09
9	Dubai	7.72
10	Tianjin	7.42

(Source: China Water Transport News, 31 Oct. 2017)

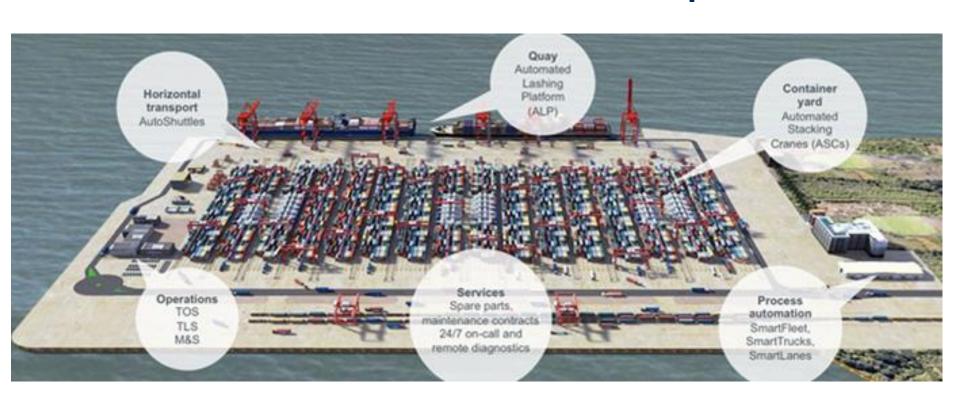
Global Top 20 Container Terminals

(first half 2017)

Rank	Port	Throughput / M.TEU
11	Rotterdam	6.7
12	Kelang	6.3
13	Kaohsiung	5.98
14	Antwerp	5.14
15	Dalian	4.8
16	Xiamen	4.79
17	Los Angeles	4.48
18	Hamburg	4.45
19	Tanjung Pelepas	4.1
20	Long Beach	3.45

(Source: China Water Transport News, 31 Oct. 2017)

Automation enters to ports



Xiamen (Amoy) fully automated terminal operation.



Qingdao fully automated container terminal



30% more efficient, 70% less labour,

(Source: picchina.people.com.cn, 11 May. 2017)

What are challenges for facilities connectivity?

What are possible areas of connectivity cooperation between China and Southeast Asian countries?

Port Connectivity China-Malaysia Port Alliance

Transport Minister Datuk Seri Liow Tiong Lai said Kemaman Port Authority, Kuching Port Authority and Sabah Ports Authority would be joining the alliance from Malaysian side.

On China side, **Tianjin** Port and **Qingdao** Port would be added, bringing the total number of ports in the alliance to **21**.

(Source: The Star online, 4 Sept. 2017)

China Emission Control Areas Implementation

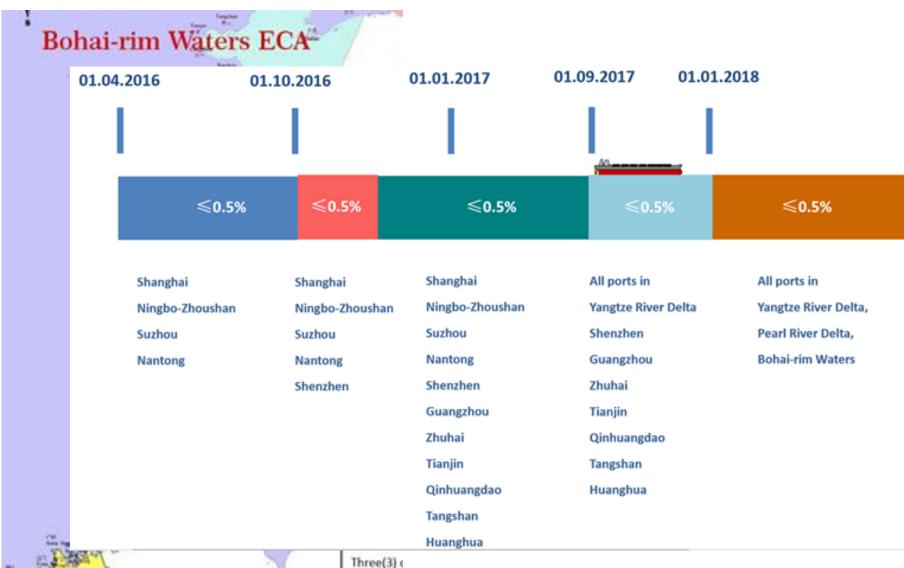


Three ECAs within China are launched in 2015, and entered into force from 1 January 2016.

2016-2019 Fuel sulphur ≤ 0.5%

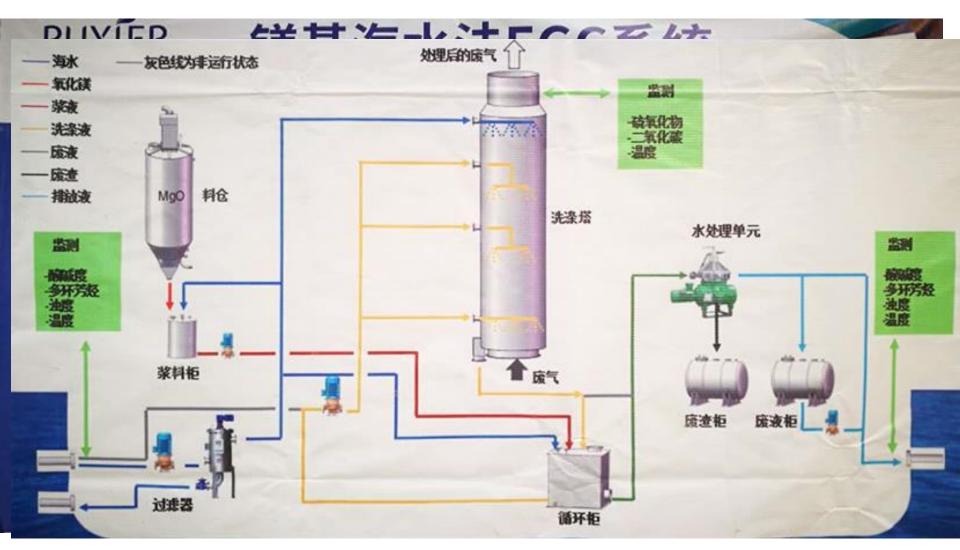
By 2020 Fuel sulphur ≤ 0.1%

(Source: China Classification Society, Sept 2017)



rl River Delta ECA

(Source: China Classification Society, Sept 2017)



Exhaust Gas Cleaning System

(Source: Puyi Marine Env. Tech. Nov. 2017)





(Source: Puyi Marine Env. Tech. Nov. 2017)

- cold ironing of vessels,
- safe operation of on-shore power supply (OPS) service in port.



For shipping and connectivity

- Confidence building
- Capacity building
- Cooperation

Capacity building

- workshop for maritime administrators;
- training for port state control officers;
- training for SAR coordinators;
- master degree programme in MSEP;
- joint SAR exercises.



China-Asean Joint SAR Drill



20 ships, 3 helicopters, 1000 people

Magic Vs Jupiter
29 overboard
328 to be rescued
8 injured
2 transferred by
helicopter

Brunei
China,
Cambodia
Lao
Myanmar
Philippines
Thailand

(Source: china.people.com.cn, 31 October. 2017)

Cooperation Areas

- E-Navigation & Beidou Satellite;
- Maritime Autonomous Surface Ship;

E-Navigation application in China

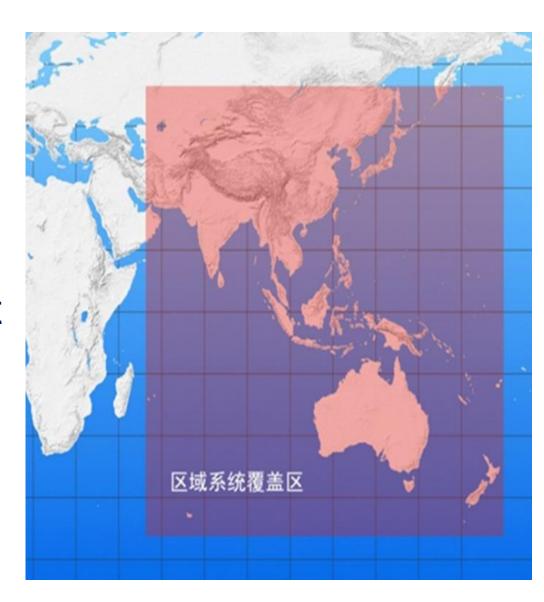


E-YS Port

- VTS
- NAS
- MSI
- Pilotage
- Met. IS
- •

Beidou Satellite

- communication
- fishery
- hydrography
- maritime transport
- navigation
- SAR
- •



Marine environment protection

- Air pollution,
- Reduction of GHGs,
- Invasive aquatic organisms,
- PSSAs



Complying with the **Ballast Water Management Convention**

Stopping the spread of invasive aquatic species



D1 standard requiring ships to exchange ballast water in open sees, away from coastal areas. Few organisms survive.

D2 standard specifying the maximum amount of viable organisms allowed to be discharged, including specified indicator microbes harmful to human health. Usually involves installing ballast water management system.

BACKGROUND INFO

- All new ships must conform. to the D2 standard.
- Until the date when they have to meet the D2 standard. existing ships should exchange ballast water mid-ocean, to meet the D1 standard.
- Over time, all ships will have. to meet the D2 standard.
- "Renewal survey" refers to the IOPPC renewal survey under MARPOL Annex 5

All ships must meet D2 standard by 8 September 2024. Existing ships with renewal survey after. 8 September 2019 must meet 02 standard 2024 by this renewal survey. Existing ships with renewal survey between 8 September 2017 and 8 September 2019 Case 1: If previous renewal survey was between 8 September 2014 and 8 September 2017 - must comply with D2 by this renewal survey. Case 2: if previous renewal survey was before 8 September 2014 - then compliance with D2 must be by the next renewal survey. New ships built on or after 8 September 2017 must meet the D2 standard. 2019 Existing ships built prior to 8 September 2017 must meet the D1 standard until their D2 compliance date. 2017

All ships must have:

- ballast water management plan
- + bullast water record book
- · International Ballast Water Management Certificate

(Source: IMO Homepage)

MASS scoping

- UNCLOS;
- SOLAS,
- MARPOL,
- COLREG,
- STCW,
- Liability,

— . . .



Shipping and Connectivity

China and Southeast Asian countries need to work together for regional connectivity and sustainability

Shipping and Connectivity

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